

DEFINIÇÃO DE DERIVADA

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

REGRAS DE DERIVAÇÃO

1. $(k \cdot f)' = k \cdot f' \quad k \in \mathbb{R}$
2. $(f + g)' = f' + g'$
3. $(f \cdot g)' = f'g + fg'$
4. $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)' = \frac{f'g - fg'}{g^2}$

TABELA

1. $(k)' = 0$	
2. $(x)' = 1$	
3. $(x^\alpha)' = \alpha x^{\alpha-1}, \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R}$	$(f^\alpha)' = \alpha f^{\alpha-1} \cdot f', \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R}$
4. $(e^x)' = e^x$	$(e^f)' = e^f \cdot f'$
5. $(a^x)' = a^x \cdot \ln a$	$(a^f)' = a^f \cdot f' \cdot \ln a$
6. $(\ln x)' = \frac{1}{x}$	$(\ln f)' = \frac{f'}{f}$
7. $(\log_a x)' = \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{\ln a}$	$(\log_a f)' = \frac{f'}{f} \cdot \frac{1}{\ln a}$
8. $(\sin x)' = \cos x$	$(\sin f)' = \cos f \cdot f'$
9. $(\cos x)' = -\sin x$	$(\cos f)' = -\sin f \cdot f'$
10. $(\operatorname{tg} x)' = \sec^2 x$	$(\operatorname{tg} f)' = \sec^2 f \cdot f'$
11. $(\operatorname{cotg} x)' = -\operatorname{cosec}^2 x$	$(\operatorname{cotg} f)' = -\operatorname{cosec}^2 f \cdot f'$
12. $(\sec x)' = \sec x \cdot \operatorname{tg} x$	$(\sec f)' = \sec f \cdot \operatorname{tg} f \cdot f'$
13. $(\operatorname{cosec} x)' = -\operatorname{cosec} x \cdot \operatorname{cotg} x$	$(\operatorname{cosec} f)' = -\operatorname{cosec} f \cdot \operatorname{cotg} f \cdot f'$
14. $(\arcsin x)' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$	$(\arcsin f)' = \frac{f'}{\sqrt{1-f^2}}$
15. $(\arccos x)' = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$	$(\arccos f)' = \frac{-f'}{\sqrt{1-f^2}}$
16. $(\operatorname{arctg} x)' = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$	$(\operatorname{arctg} f)' = \frac{f'}{1+f^2}$
17. $(\sinh x)' = \cosh x$	$(\sinh f)' = \cosh f \cdot f'$
18. $(\cosh x)' = \sinh x$	$(\cosh f)' = \sinh f \cdot f'$